







# Tumour 'organoids' – the future of cancer research?

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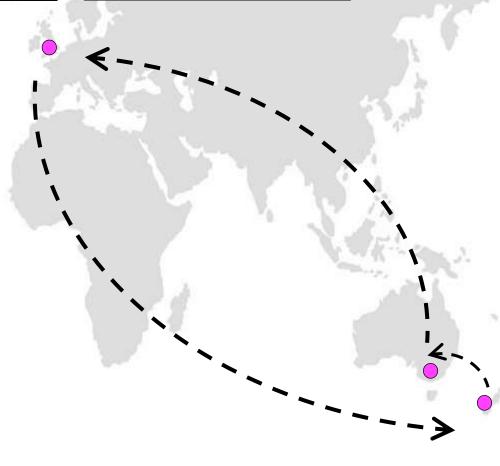
# My journey as a cancer biologist

Bachelor of Science (2008-2011) University of Otago PhD (2012-2016)
University of
Melbourne, Australia

Postdoc (2017-2022)Francis Crick Institute,London, UK

Laboratory Head (2022-current)
University of Auckland







# The Walter & Eliza Hall Institute, Melbourne

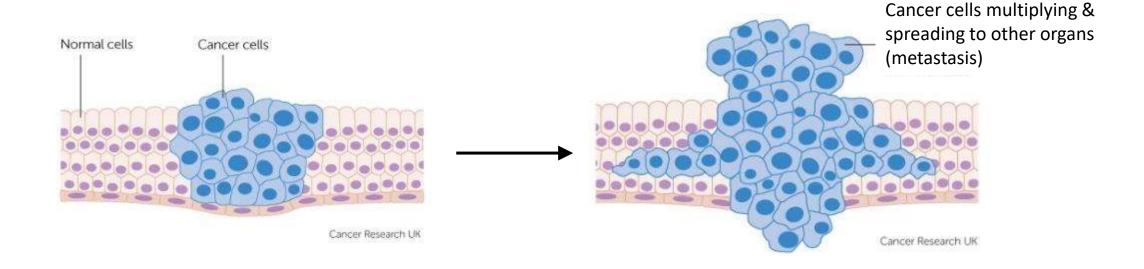






### What is Cancer?

- Cancer is when abnormal cells divide in an uncontrolled way
- Some cancers may eventually spread into other tissues (metastatic disease)

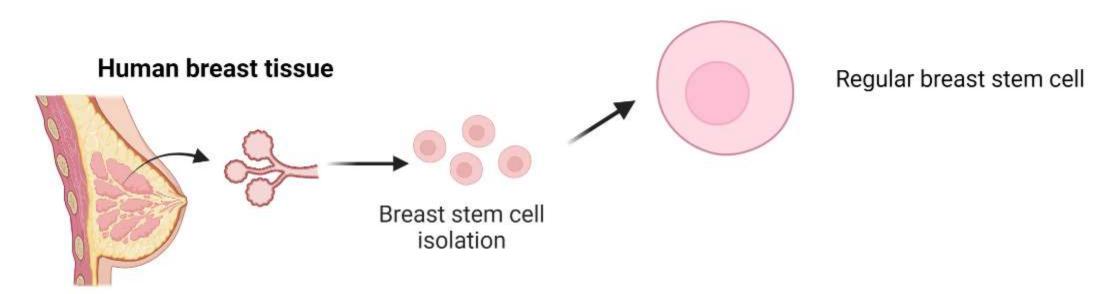


#### My PhD research – preventing breast cancer in high-risk women



- Women who inherit a BRCA1 mutation have a ~65% lifetime risk of developing breast cancer
- Tumours are often early-onset aggressive tumours with a poor survival
- Current options for **prevention**:
  - 1. Breast removal surgery (double mastectomy)
  - 2. Regular mammograms/ultrasounds
  - 3. Prevention drug?

## My PhD research – preventing cancer in high-risk women



Normal breast reduction vs. *BRCA1*-mutation carrier

## My PhD research – preventing cancer in high-risk women

Breast precursor cell changes

Breast cancer forms

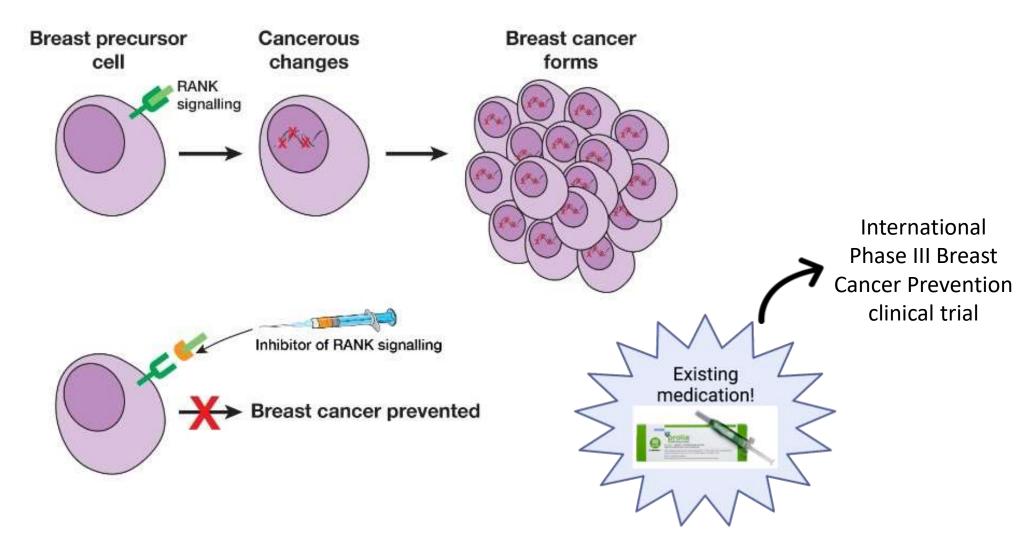
RANK signalling carriers

Breast cancer forms

RANK signalling changes

## Denosumab as a breast cancer prevention drug?

Breast tissue from BRCA1 mutation carriers



#### **BRCA-P Trial Design**





Phase III, double-blind, prospective, randomised interventional prevention trial



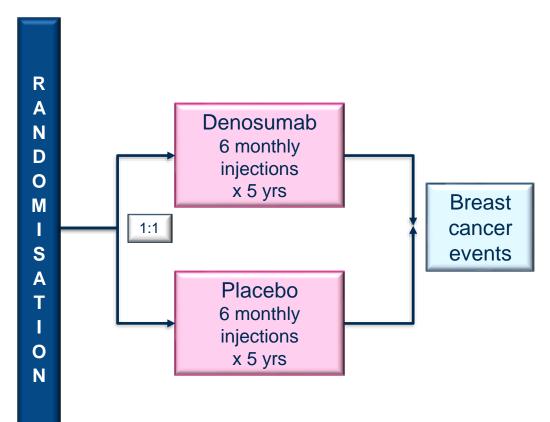
#### PATIENT POPULATION

BRCA1 germline mutation

n = 2,9184

#### **Austria (Singer)**

Australia (Lindeman) Germany (Schmutzler) Israel (Paluch-Shimon) Spain (Vidal) UK (Evans) USA (Garber)



#### **NEW ZEALAND**

### 'Holy grail' of breast cancer prevention: Kiwi helps discovers drug that could counter faulty gene

21 Jun, 2016 05:00 AM © 6 minutes to read



Researchers, including Kiwi PhD student Emma Nolan, at the Walter and Eliza Hall Institute in Melbourne have discovered that an existing medication might prevent breast cancer in women carrying a faulty gene



By **Jamie Morton** Science Reporter











# New Zealand Herald 21st June 2016

# My journey as a cancer biologist

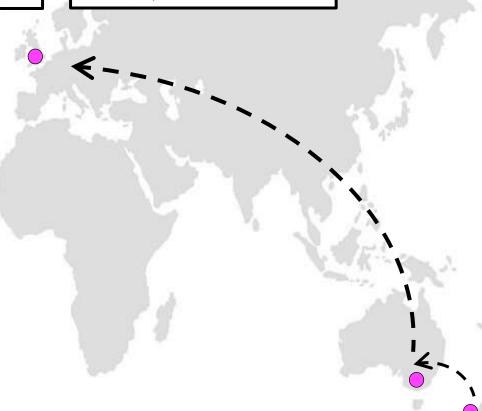
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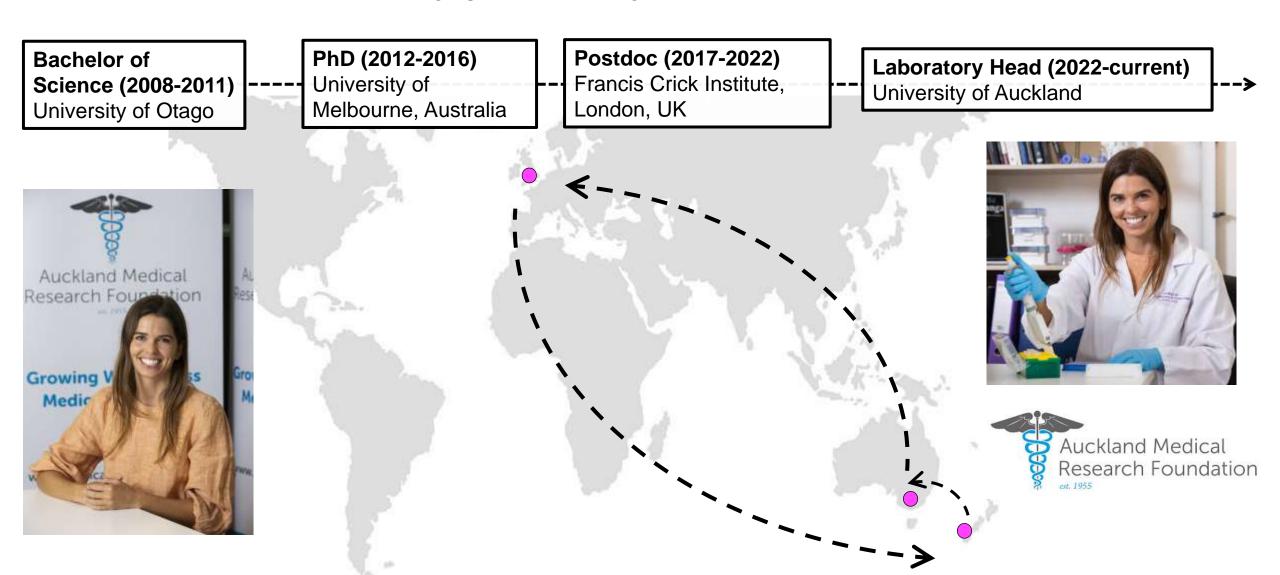






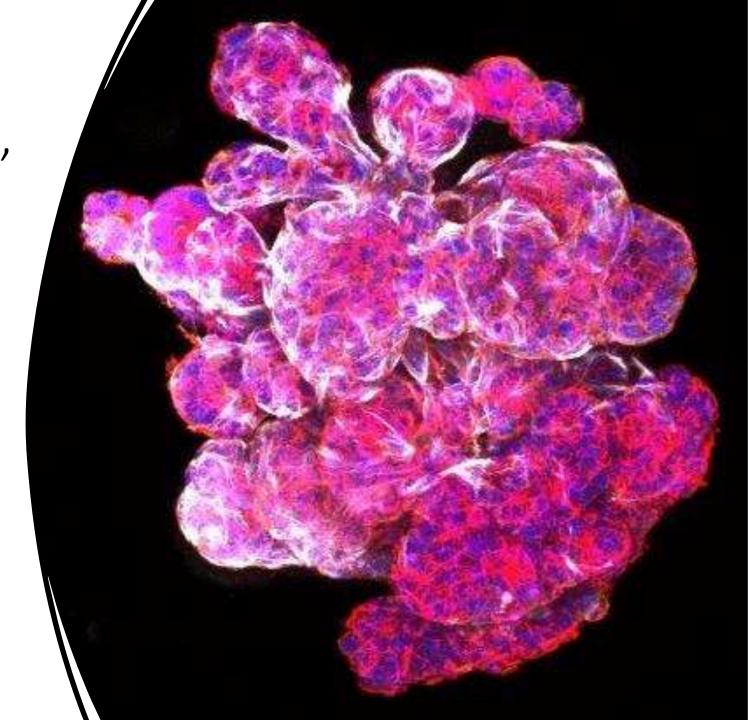


# My journey home!



# Tumour Organoids 'Mini tumours in a dish'

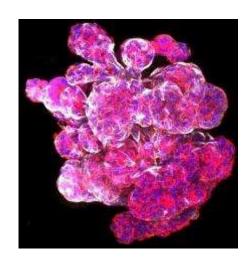
Creating a new patient-relevant model for cancer research in NZ

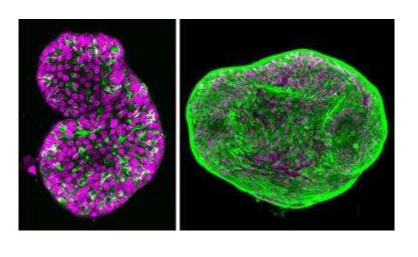


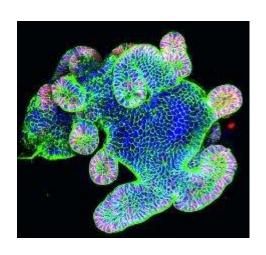


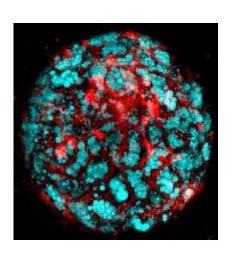
#### A new tool for cancer research in NZ

- Organoids = 'mini tumours in a dish'.
- Tiny three-dimensional structures grown from tumours donated by cancer patients
- Behave just like the donor patient's tumour they look, grow and respond to drugs the same way



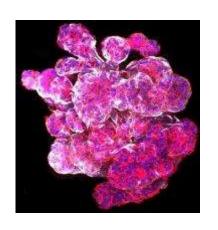






# Organoids - 'mini tumours in a dish'

 Establishing human breast cancer 'organoids' using tumours donated by NZ cancer patients

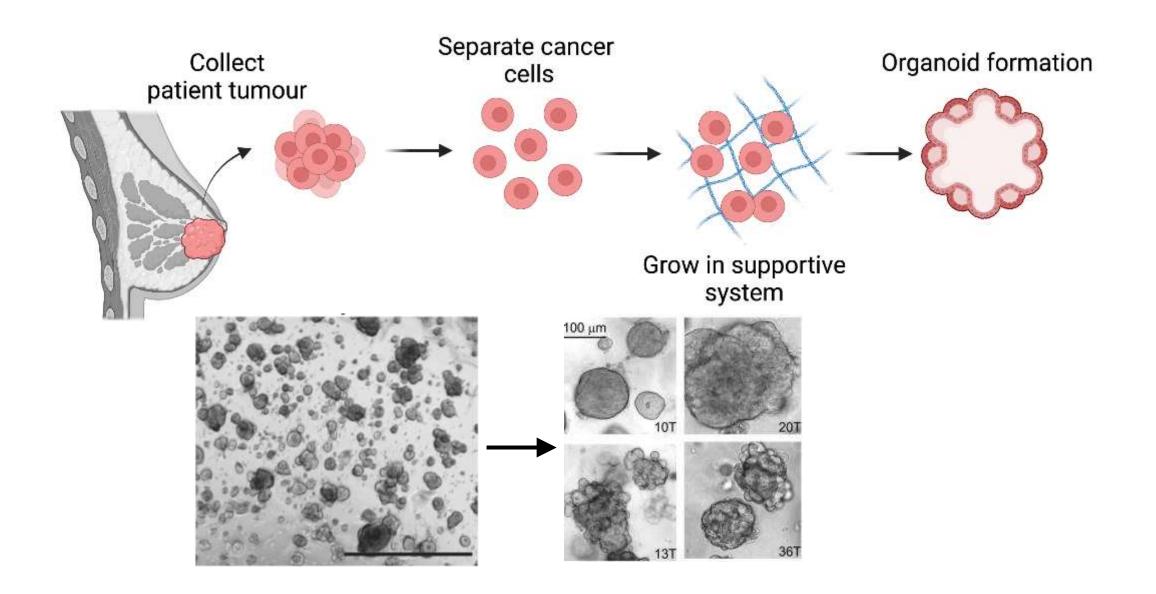


 Goal = create a collection of organoids that is representative of breast cancer in New Zealand



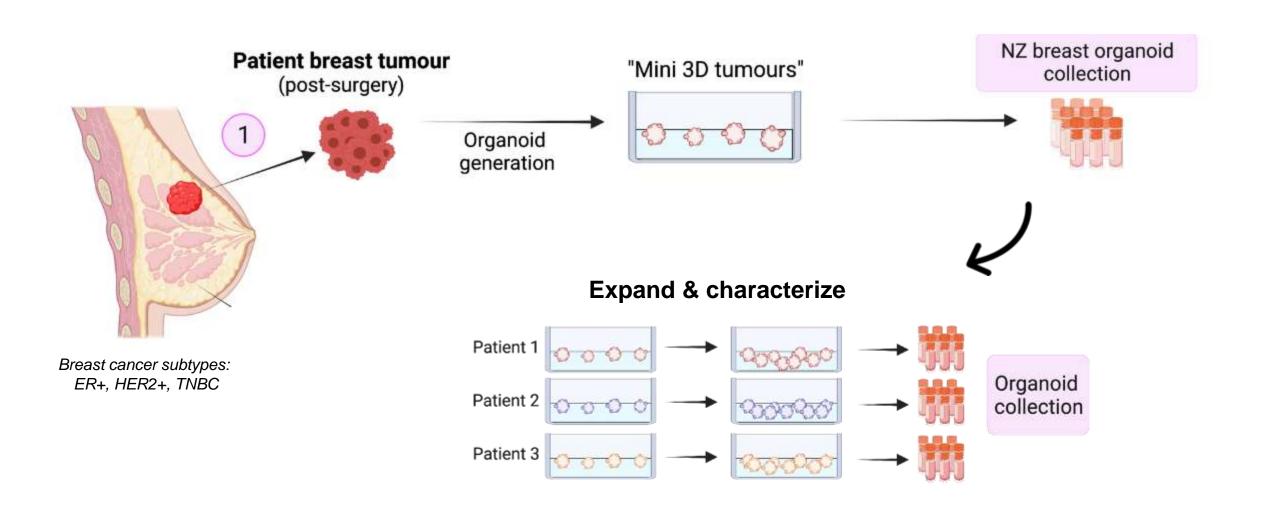
A new tool to support scientific discovery in NZ

# Organoids - 'mini tumours in a dish'



# My research plan

Aim 1 = create a collection of organoids that represents breast cancer in NZ



# My research plan

Aim 1 = create a collection of organoids that represents breast cancer in NZ

	Hormone receptor status	HER2 status	Tumour Type, Grade	Patient age	Ethnicity
Patient 1	ER+ PR+ (strong)	HER2 neg	Grade 2 Ductal	54	Samoan
Patient 2	ER+ PR+ (moderate)	HER2 low	Grade 2 Ductal	60	NZ/Māori
Patient 3	ER+ PR+ (strong)	HER2 neg	Grade 1 Ductal	47	Chinese
Patient 4	ER+ PR+ (strong)	HER2 neg	Grade 1 Ductal	68	Samoan
Patient 5	ER- PR- (TNBC)	HER2 neg	Grade 3 Ductal	79	NZ/Euro

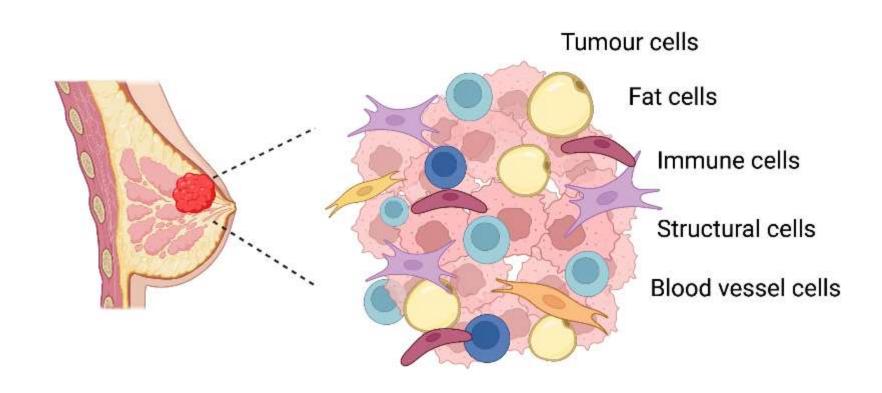






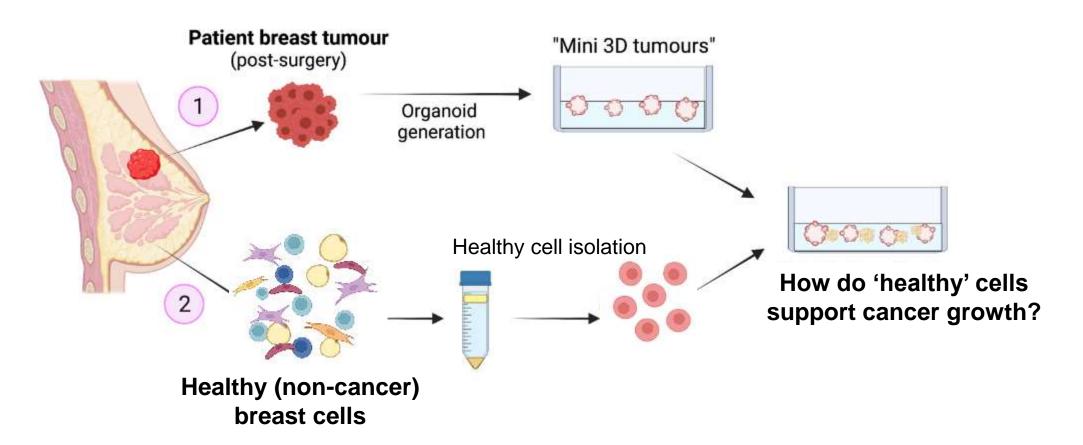


Aim 2: Use organoids to study the tumour 'ecosystem'



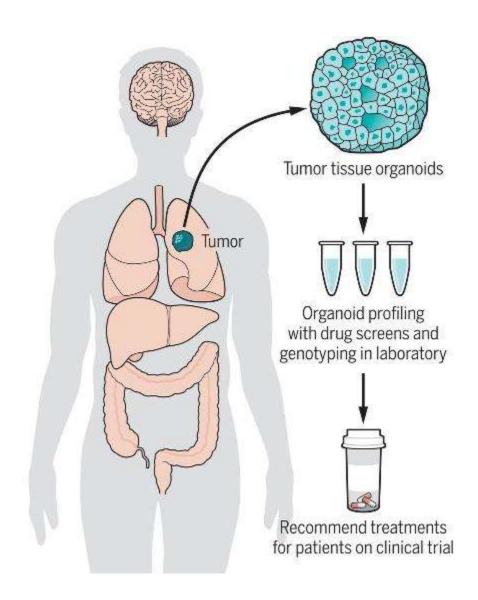
Tumour = Cancer cells + Normal cells

#### Aim 2: Use organoids to study the tumour 'ecosystem'



Goal = to understand breast cancer better & find new treatments

Aim 2: To explore organoids for 'personalized medicine'



# Customised cancer therapy?

# Thank you for listening!



Francis Crick Institute, London



Walter & Eliza Hall, Melbourne



University of Auckland

















Dr Reena Ramsaroop

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at: <a href="mailto:emma.nolan@auckland.ac.nz">emma.nolan@auckland.ac.nz</a>; +6421490013